No.	Organizations/Programs	Workshop Title	Description	Presenters	Workshop Times	Target Audience	Expected No. of Participants
1	Taiwan FETP	l am scared of (adverse events following) immunizations — vaccine safety evaluation and communication	Despite having been administered safely for decades, public health and healthcare practitioners may still find the evaluation and communication about vaccine safety daunting tasks. With new vaccines and vaccine platforms being used for COVID-19 prevention and control, any adverse event following immunization (AEF) may lead to the loss of confidence in COVID-19 vaccines and sow distrust in government disease control efforts. The objectives of this workshop are to help participants in understanding post-introduction AEF surveillance, AEF investigation and causality assessment, hypothesis strengthening using background rates, hypothesis testing using controlled studies, and communication response to vaccine-related events (VRE). The workshop will use real-life examples for an interactive case study, to facilitate participants' understanding of vaccine safety evaluation and communication.	Dr. Wan-Ting Huang, Dr. Angela Song-En Huang, Dr. Tsung-Pel Tsou	Afternoon: 13:00 – 17:00, GMT+8	General (Current FETP trainees or recent graduates)	30
2	FETP, Bangladesh	Developing FETP Curriculum for Field Epidemiology in Pandemics	Many FETP fellows and graduates reponded to the CDVID pandemic. While their FETP training involved investigation of small and localized disease outbreaks, the CDVID response is larger in scope, magnitude and complexity than most FETP field projects. The response also presented additional challenges with lack of a complex projects of the projects of the response also presented additional challenges with lack of the parameteristic projects. The response also presented additional challenges with lack of the parameteristic projects of the parameteristic pr	Dr. Mallick Masum Billah	Afternoon: 13:00 – 17:00, GMT+8	FETP staff and graduates	40
3	ENDING PANDEMICS	Epicore, Crowdsourcing Verification Activities Locally to Enable Epidemic Intelligence Worldwide	Epidemic intelligence (E) aims to produce timely and verified intelligence on potential public health events through systematic collection of health information across the one health spectrum from a variety of sources which is validated, analyzed, and assessed. The purpose of E is to speed up the detection of new health threats and to define appropriate control measures to be acted upon by health authorities. The purpose of E is to speed up the detection of new health threats and to define appropriate control measures to be acted upon by health authorities. The purpose of E is to speed up the detection of new health threats and to define appropriate continuation technologies and the increase of collaborative nutritions. The purpose of the purpos	Dr. Jaš Mantero	Afternoon: 14:30-17:00, GMT+8	General (Current FETP trainees or recent graduates)	50
4	Strengthening Preparedness in the Asia-Pacific Region through Knowledge (SPARK) Modelling Network	Understanding Infectious Disease Modelling	Public health and biosecurity responses to infectious disease outbreaks can be informed by disease modelling. This introductory workshop will give participants an understanding of infectious disease models and their value for public health. The workshop will cover the use of modelling to examine disease causes and to assess strategies for control in the context of a variety of infectious diseases. No prior detailed knowledge of modelling infectious diseases or epidemiology is required, and by high shock other withstematics is needless of promoting the control of the provided of the p	Professor Jodie McVernon, Dr Patricia Campbell, Dr Michael Meehan, Dr Eamon Conway, Ms Nefel Tellioglu	Morning: 09:00 – 12:00, GMT+8	General (Current FETP trainees or recent graduates)	30
5	Field Epidemiology in Action	Evaluating the impact of Field Epidemiology Training	Despite the success of the FETP model globally, there have been relatively few evaluations published. Those evaluations that have been published have focused on variables that are easy to measure, such as process indicators (e.g. reaction of trainees to the training) or simple output indicators (e.g. number of students graduating). There are very few evaluations focusing on the outcomes and impact of FETPs. As the key driver behind ETPs is to improve the health of populations by appropring the ability to detect, investigate and respond to publish behalf threats, the very likely of evaluations focusing softly on process and output indicators is extremely immitted. Secretary immitted. Secretar	Dr Tambri Housen, James Flint, Stephanie Wheeler, Rachel Mather	Afternoon: 13:00 – 17:00, GMT+8	Program Directors and faculty	30
6	EMPHNET	FETP From Face-to-Face to Blended Modality	The CDVID-19 pandemic affected the continuity of many running FETP programs and interrupted their training agenda, most of the planned face to face workshops were carefuled or postponed and this resulted on extending the programs duration. The main reasons were due to the restriction associated with the pandemic local distancing and obcdownly, in addition, most of the trainers as well as the residents are taking part in the reprose and control measures. Even before the pandemic, many regions and interested public health workforces have had limited opportunities to join FETP. Among the causes reported are that their workforces navel which and absoluted programs and security concerns. Common Whith and absoluted in the case of the control of the control of the case of the case is secured to concern with a control of the case of the case of the case is a case of the case o	Dr. Haitham Bashker, Mr. Ahmad Al-Talaffri, Mr. Advalla Al-Talarani, Mr. Emair Nairouth	Morning: 08:00 – 12:00, GMT+8	Regional networks, FETP affiliates, public health professionals, national, regional, and international educational experts and training managers, researchers, and other interested individuals from the wider community	20
7	SAFETYNET	Scientific Writing	This workshop will focus on the FETP core competency of scientific communication, highlighting four of the written outputs required by many programmes. Starting off with an overview of scientific writing style applicable to all FETP deliverables, the following aggments will present information and strategies linked to reporting an outbreak investigation, evaluating a surveillance system, writing up the analysis of primary or secondary data in a quantitative manuscript, and finally wrapping up with abstract development. If you are planning to write a similar paper or abstract, or are currently writing it, this session will provide tips and tools to make your paper dearer and more concise. Bring your specific questions and challenges to share at this workshop.	Dorothy L Southern	Afternoon: 13:00 – 17:00, GMT+8	Interested participants, current FETP trainees or recent graduates.	50
8	TEPHINET	Accreditation/Program Quality for Intermediate-Level FETPs	TOFHINE'S Accreditation of FETPs has, since 2016, served as a quality standard bearer in this field, with 18 accredited programs representing all regions, and dozen of trained reviewers. The accreditation program provides an apportunity for FETPs to align with common standards supporting quality training and increased recognition of the value of FETPs. For the first time, TETPHINET will be reling out an accreditation process for intermediate-level programs in 2022. This workshop will provide an opportunity to learn about the eligibility regimeners, the quality standards, and the documentation required for an intermediate program to be accredited. Participant will also get a peter into the branch even of the program of the workshop will be virtual but with interactive methods and lots of time for Q&A.	Lorie Burnett Biagio Pedalino	Morning: 08:00 – 10:00, GMT+8	Intermediate-level Program Directors, Coordinators, Resident Advisors	20